

## Be Warned

In time. Kidney diseases may be prevented by purifying, renewing, and invigorating the blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. When, through debility, the action of the kidneys is perverted, these organs rob the blood of its needed constituent, albumen, which is passed off in the urine, while worn out matter, which they should carry off from the blood, is allowed to remain. By the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the kidneys are restored to proper action, and Albuminuria, or

## Bright's Disease

is prevented. Ayer's Sarsaparilla also prevents inflammation of the kidneys, and other disorders of these organs. Mrs. Jas. W. Weld, Forest Hill st., Jamaica Plain, Mass., writes: "I have had a complication of diseases, but my greatest trouble has been with my kidneys. Four bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla made me feel like a new person; as well and strong as ever." W. M. McDonald, 46 Summer st., Boston, Mass., had been troubled for years with Kidney Complaint. By the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, he not only

## Prevented

the disease from assuming a fatal form, but was restored to perfect health. John McLellan, cor. Bridge and Third sts., Lowell, Mass., writes: "For several years I suffered from Dyspepsia and Kidney Complaint, the latter being so severe at times that I could scarcely attend to my work. My appetite was poor, and I was much emaciated; but by using

## AYER'S Sarsaparilla

my appetite and digestion improved, and my health has been perfectly restored."

Sold by all Druggists.

Price \$1; Six bottles, \$5.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

## Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Should be kept constantly at hand, for use in emergencies of the household. Many a mother, startled in the night by the ominous sounds of Croup, finds the little sufferer, with red and swollen face, gasping for air. In such cases Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is invaluable. Mrs. Emma Gedney, 150 West 128 st., New York, writes: "While in the country, last winter, my little boy, three years old, was taken ill with Croup; it seemed as if he would die from strangulation. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral was tried in small and frequent doses, and, in less than half an hour, the little patient was breathing easily. The doctor said that the Pectoral saved my darling's life." Mrs. Chas. B. Landon, Guilford, Conn., writes: "Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

## Saved My Life,

and also the life of my little son. As he is troubled with Croup, I dare not be without this remedy in the house." Mrs. J. Gregg, Lowell, Mass., writes: "My children have repeatedly taken Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for Coughs and Croup. It gives immediate relief, followed by cure." Mrs. Mary E. Evans, Scranton, Pa., writes: "I have two little boys, both of whom have been, from infancy, subject to violent attacks of Croup. About six months ago we began using Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and it acts like a charm. In a few minutes after the child takes it, he breathes easily and rests well. Every mother ought to know what a blessing I have found in Ayer's Cherry Pectoral." Mrs. Wm. C. Reid, Freehold, N. J., writes: "In our family, Ayer's medicines have been blessings for many years. In cases of Colds and Coughs, we take

## Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

and the inconvenience is soon forgotten."

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists.

## T. J. CURLEY, Sanitary Plumber, GAS &amp; STEAM FITTER,

Curley's new system of House Drainage and Ventilation. Bath rooms fitted up with hot and cold water a specialty. Also a large supply of

## Iron, Lead and Stone Pipe

Globe, Angle and Check Valves, water and Steam Gauges, Foros and Lift Pumps, Rubber Hose, Chandeliers, Brackets and Globes. Personal attention given to all work and satisfaction guaranteed. T. J. CURLEY, Second street, above Market, opposite O'Connell's, Mayville, Ky. 06dly

D. DEWITT C. FRANKLIN,

## Dentist,

Office: Sutton Street, next door to Postoffice.

## THE IRISH EXULTANT.

A DEFINITE SCHEME OF HOME RULE WITHIN A MONTH.

It Will Not Be Postponed Until Next Session, According to Mr. Gladstone's Promise—Justin McCarthy is Satisfied—The Land Question—Hope and Peace.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—The leaders of the Irish parliamentary party are in a state of mild exultation over the announcements made by Mr. Gladstone in the house of commons. This is not because the premier has as yet promised to do much for Ireland, although his speech is understood as pledging him to introduce a definite scheme of Home Rule on or about March 22, but because he has set at rest the rumors that this burning question was to be postponed for six months or until the next session, because he was outspoken against coercion and because there is a good prospect of peace in Ireland during the comparatively brief postponement of the Home Rule question that the government proposes.

Mr. Justin McCarthy, the Nationalist member for North Longford, was found in high spirits over the outlook for his party. In answer to questions by a Cable News correspondent, he said: "We are not at all dissatisfied with the month's time which Mr. Gladstone proposed to take to frame his Home Rule measure. Indeed, with his cabinet only just fairly organized, and with a ticklish budget to be prepared, it is difficult to see how he could give the Irish question the attention it deserves within a shorter time. It is of the utmost importance that his Home Rule scheme should be formulated with great care. It must be capable of holding the bulk of his party together and it must satisfy us. Such a measure is certain to pass the house of commons and probably the lords. But a measure which goes either too far for the Whigs or not far enough for the Parnellites would certainly fail, and this failure might involve the overthrow of the government and would necessarily postpone Home Rule for many months. I believe, however, that Mr. Gladstone will have his party well in hand in a month from now, and will be able to carry it solidly with him in support of such a measure as we can approve."

"Do you think the government will bring in its Irish bill before its Home Rule scheme?"

"I think not and I certainly hope not. The land question should by all the laws of justice be left to the wisdom of the new Irish parliament. In that way only can the tenants get their rights, and I am satisfied that the landlords too would get better terms than if they are brought out in a lump lot by the present parliament at Westminster."

"What is the condition of Ireland at present?"

"Peaceful and hopeful the government has, through Mr. Morley, adopted a modus vivendi, by which our people can live in peace although in poverty, while the great question is being settled. There are to be no more of that class of evictions which were fearfully planned to goad the tenants into lawless reprisals to be heralded in England as proofs of their natural brutality. The collectors of the seed tithes are no longer to have the power to carry off the little stores of provisions on which poor families rely to carry them through the winter. All this will be stopped by the simple act on Mr. Morley's part of refusing police and military escorts to the process servers and tax agents. Then you will hear no more of boycotting, for the removal of its cause will end the system. The peasants will be left to cultivate such resources as they have in peace while awaiting the good time which is now certainly in sight."

While the hopeful and patient views generally prevail among the friends of Ireland, there is no doubt that her cause is being damaged and her future endangered by the violence of certain hot-headed extremists on both sides. Two forcible illustrations of this fact were furnished.

At a meeting of Nationalists in Cork, John O'Leary, the Fenian and '48er, delivered the most inflammatory harangue that has been heard in Ireland for many years. His argument was that the orangemen had assumed so menacing an attitude that the time had come when an appeal must be made to physical force as the only arbitrator between that handful of bigoted fanatics and the Catholic masses of Ireland. At a loyalist meeting at Edinburg, the Rev. Mr. Hanna, a Presbyterian minister of Belfast, declared that his faith in the loyalty and honesty of the Irish Catholics was so slight that if it were in his power he would not allow even a rat or a mouse to stir in Ireland without being watched by the police.

Mr. Parnell Speaks.

LONDON, Feb. 20.—Mr. Parnell in an interview said: "The situation has not been altered by the declaration of the premier. I think it only reasonable that the ministry should be allowed the time Mr. Gladstone asks for the consideration of the proposed measures with regard to Ireland." With regard to the statement that the government intends to introduce the land bill before discussing Home Rule, Mr. Parnell said: "If the government adopt the course they will gravely mistake the sentiment of the Irish people and their representatives. Before all questions in importance for the welfare of Ireland and in the anxiety of the Irish people is the question of Home Rule. While there are many questions in Ireland at present, especially questions connected with the land, entailing hardships, I think the people are unanimous in the feeling that in the great crisis which events have now ripened, the highest wisdom and duty will consist in subordinating the interests of every class to the interests of all classes. I am further of the opinion that if the land question be left to an Irish parliament landlords will obtain a more favorable settlement than if thrown upon the mercy of the present parliament at Westminster."

LONDON, Feb. 20.—By the creation of the new peerage of Grimthorpe another American is added to the list of ladies in waiting for titles. The heir presumptive to the Grimthorpe peerage, Mr. Ernest William Dunsford, married, in 1883, Miss Lucy Tracy, daughter of Mr. W. Tracy, of New York. Mr. Dunsford is now the Conservative member of parliament for the Whitby division of Yorkshire.

## CAUGHT CRACKING.

Gophers at the Combination Put to Flight by the Bank Watchman

SARATOGA, N. Y., Feb. 20.—Burglars during the night made an unsuccessful attempt to burglarize the First National bank, of Greenwich, Washington county, seventeen miles distant from Saratoga. The watchman, who slept in the second story, was aroused by hearing the burglars at work. Glancing down through an aperture in the floor to a place where a reflected light shone upon the safe door, he detected several men engaged in tearing off the combination lock, but they were so situated that he was unable to fire at them. He then gave the alarm, when the men took flight and made good their escape, leaving some of their tools behind. The watchman did not recognize any of them. The Greenwich bank is one of the largest in Washington county. This institution is a reorganized concern. A few years ago the cashier was charged with being a defaulter, and the loss fell heavily upon the farmers of that county. Greenwich officers were in Saratoga, having traced the burglars as far as this city.

## JOHN B. GOUGH DEAD.

The Great Temperance Advocate Passes Peacefully Away—Last Words.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 20.—John B. Gough, the eloquent temperance lecturer, died at the residence of Dr. R. Bruce Burns, in Frankford, where he was taken on Monday night when stricken with paralysis while lecturing at the Frankford Presbyterian church.

The deceased was born in Landgate, England, on August 23, 1817. His family consisted of a wife and four nieces, whom he educated. It is believed that he was worth about \$100,000. During his first year as a public speaker Mr. Gough made 533 speeches, and since his first lecture and up to the beginning of the present year he appeared before the public 8,567 times. At a fair estimate he has spoken before 9,000,000 people, and has traveled over 450,000 miles in meeting his appointments.

Mr. Gough's last words, uttered before he was stricken with paralysis, were "Young men, make your record clean." Mr. Gough's body will be embalmed, and after services at the house, will be taken to Worcester, Mass.

## KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

The Twenty-Second Anniversary of the Order in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 20.—The twenty-second anniversary of the order of Knights of Pythias was celebrated Friday. Division and lodges from surrounding cities assisted in the celebration.

There was a parade in the afternoon and appropriate services at 4 p. m. at St. Paul's M. E. church. The entire celebration was in charge of Hon. Howard Douglas, who was selected grand marshal for the occasion. Both the procession and the church service were under the direct control of all the lodges and not any one particular lodge.

A mask carnival was held in the evening at Music Hall.

## COLUMBUS CHATTER.

The Bill Providing for Boards of Elections Becomes a Law.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Feb. 20.—Pugsley's bill providing for boards of elections in Cincinnati, Toledo, Cleveland and Columbus, became a law in the house, receiving almost a unanimous vote—yeas 88; nays 3.

A slight verbal amendment will send it back to the senate, but it will be on the statute books and Gov. Fowler will be hunting up good men in four cities. He says all appointments will be made in a few days, but is not a name to suggest.

This is the most important bill passed this winter.

## A Dangerous Counterfeit.

LACROSSE, Wis., Feb. 20.—Teller Henderson, of the LaCrosse national bank, has discovered a counterfeit silver dollar that is pronounced by all bank people in the city absolutely the most dangerous ever seen. It is a standard silver dollar, and the die in every substantial particular as clear as the original. It stands all microscopic tests. The only possible means of detection is by weight, it being exactly forty-seven grains short of the standard and estimated about forty-three grains short of the average.

## Advanced Rates.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—The trunk line executive committee has advanced freight rates on live stock and dressed meat from Chicago to New York, to take effect March 1, to 35c. for live cattle; 45c. for live sheep; 30c. for live hogs; 65c. for dressed beef; 90c. for dressed sheep, and 55c. for dressed hogs—an advance of from 10 to 45 cents per 100 pounds. The greatest advance is in dressed meat rates, and this causes discontent among the dressed meat men, and is regarded as a discrimination.

## Labor Troubles.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., Feb. 20.—This is the day appointed by the strikers to bring out the 20 men employed at Moore's coke works peacefully if possible, forcibly if necessary. One thousand strikers are on their way to that point, where they meet this afternoon. Serious trouble is thought inevitable. A sheriff's posse of nearly one hundred men is hurrying to the scene in order to prevent any interference with the men at work or any deeds of violence.

## Fatally Fed on Cake.

WINCHESTER, O., Feb. 20.—Three children, a family of seven, named Mouzin, living in the country eight miles south of here, are probably dying from eating of a cake made of poisonous baking powder. The others are still in convulsions, but may pull through. The powder has been sent away for analysis.

## Fell Dead at His Post.

ENON, O., Feb. 20.—This vicinity was greatly shocked over the sudden death of our village shoemaker, Mr. J. Ashing, aged seventy-six, while working at his trade and in his usual health, when he suddenly fell forward, expiring in a few seconds. Mr. Ashing was highly respected by all who knew him.

## Failures.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—There were 236 failures to the United States and Canada reported to R. G. Dun & Co., of the Mercantile agency, during the week, against 273 for the week previous to the last.

## WILL ROSSA SHOOT FIRST?

O'DONAVAN SAYS HE WILL BE PREPARED TO MEET YSEULT.

The Apostle of Dynamite is Not Surprised at the Efforts Being Made to Obtain Her Release—Mrs. Dudley's Present Condition Pronounced Sane—Notes.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20.—"I have received," said Mr. Arthur C. Butts, the counsel for Mrs. Yseult Dudley, who on the 3d of July last was committed to the Middletown insane asylum after her trial for shooting O'Donovan Rossa, "a letter from my client, and from its tone and from my own observation when I have visited her, as well as from the reports of the authorities at the asylum, I am encouraged to hope that in a short time she will be sufficiently improved to warrant her release. In fact I am convinced that at present she is as sane as any woman in America."

"Do you think she was insane when she shot Rossa?"

"Undoubtedly. She had been subject to epilepsy, and only a short time before the shooting she had five epileptic fits in one day, and, although we were unable to prove it on the trial, I am assured she had had one on the day of the shooting."

"But you think it would now be safe to release her?"

"Certainly; unless there should be some predisposing cause, such as the explosion in London, which excited her before, coupled with a return of her madly, she would, I am sure, be entirely harmless."

"What steps do you propose to take in her behalf?"

"Well, I shall do all in my power to effect her release. The first thing, of course, is to have the opinion of the authorities of the asylum that she is sane. That obtained, all the rest is easy. They will send to the superintendent of lunacy a certificate that she is cured, and he will take her before a supreme court judge and obtain an order for her discharge."

"Since she has been in the asylum has she manifested any maniacal symptoms?"

"No; she has been quiet and well-behaved always. I have seen her frequently and, although at first there were complaints from her of a little friction with the attendants, these have ceased and she was, when I saw her last, apparently contented. She has not been under any particular restraint since she has been there and has been allowed articles in her room to work with which would never have been allowed to a patient with acute mania, and she has done some most beautiful fancy work. Why, she took a couple of ordinary horseshoes and covered them with velvet and otherwise ornamented them so that they were really beautiful. She presented them to one of the doctors of the institution. Her room is a marvel of neatness and ornamentation. You would not believe that any one could, with a few acorns and leaves which she was permitted to go to the woods to obtain, have wrought such beautiful effects as are displayed in her room."

"And if she is released, what will she do?"

"Go back to England, undoubtedly. She has friends there who will care for her."

"Will the British consul interfere in any way in her behalf?"

"Well, in her letter, which I will give you, she speaks of the consul, but it is merely an inquiry whether, in the event of her being pronounced sane, he would not claim her release on the ground that she was a British subject illegally restrained of her liberty. I don't think this interference will be necessary, but here is her letter. You see it is written in a fine hand, and the writing shows no trace of nervousness. There are parts of it referring to private matters connected with the case, but here she says:

"The worthy board of charities have decided to do nothing. Now please do not bother me any more about them. What power has the British council in my case? Do not answer this at random, but ascertain for certain. If he has any authority he must be made to use it. When next you see Dr. Mann tell him that he ought to come and see me, having been instrumental in getting me here, and if the sight of him does not induce another attack of homicidal mania then most assuredly nothing will. It is a year ago today since Rossa and myself had our little difference of opinion. Well, I wonder who will disagree with him next? The only bit of home I have got now is a paralytic, which the doctor let me have from the greenhouse. It is quite a little comfort."

Mr. O'Donovan Rossa was found at the office of the United Irishman, and when asked if he had heard of the prospective release of Mrs. Dudley he said: "Yes, and I am not at all surprised at it. I expected that she would soon be released when she was sent there. I have no doubt of her sanity, and as little doubt but that she was perfectly sane when sent there. It is all part of the same plan; they got a lot of doctors to examine her, and some said that she was sane and some that she was insane, and on the trial they brought those to testify that said she was insane, and as she was a woman I did not want to be against her, and cared little whether she went to an asylum or to prison, so that she kept clear of me."

"Have you any apprehension that she will repeat the assault?"

Mr. Rossa's face darkened. "She had better not," he replied. "If she ever approaches me again she will not get a chance of the first shot; but I am not at all alarmed. I presume if released she will be sent back to England at once."

"Shall you in any manner oppose her discharge from the asylum?"

"Not I; why should I? I believe she was hired by the British government to put me out of the way, and, if they dared, they'd hire some one else; I am in just as much peril with her in the asylum as if she was out. I don't care what they do with her."

BOSTON, Feb. 20.—E. B. Simmons has been identified by detective Pinkerton, of Chicago, as one of the men implicated in the Tarrytown, N. Y., robbery. He will be taken to Tarrytown. After he testifies in the case at Tarrytown he will be tried for felonious assault at Lynn.

## Stabbed in the Breast.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—During a quarrel over a game of cards at 144 West Lake street, about midnight, Samuel Booth was stabbed in the breast and killed by McLain. Both men have been known to the police for years as thieves and ruffians. McLain was arrested

## THE EDITORS IN CINCINNATI.

Committees Appointed to Canvass for Funds to Disperse Hospitality.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 20.—At a meeting of the general committee of arrangements for the hospitable care of the International Editorial convention next week, Mr. McAlpin reported total collections of something over one thousand dollars.

Messrs. Frank Alter, Col. Markbreit and May Feckheimer were appointed a committee on banquet and entertainment. It was stated that the use of the Odessa as a meeting place for the convention had been offered, but no decision has yet been made on that point.

A letter was read from Mr. Peter Rudolph Neff, offering free admission to the delegates to the concert of the college of music next Tuesday evening, the first day of the convention. It was stated that nearly or quite 250 visitors might be expected, more or less of them accompanied by their wives. Among the number were Maj. Burke, who was director general of the New Orleans exposition, representing the Times-Democrat of that city.

The convention will be composed of delegates from the several state associations represented in the general International association, being the most prominent editors in the several states outside the largest cities. The convention will be probably, outside the metropolis, on papers, the finest representation of that antediluvian lever, the press, ever assembled in America.

The committee have in view several projects calculated to favorably impress the visitors with Cincinnati, the carrying out of which must depend largely on the outcome of the canvass for subscriptions by to-morrow afternoon.

## HARD TO IDENTIFY.

A Case Which Puzzles a Family Near Laporte.

LAPORTE, Ind., Feb. 20.—Some eleven years ago a party of young men from the neighborhood of Wanatah, in this county, went to the Kankakee river on a hunting expedition. They separated during the day, and on coming together at nightfall one of their number, a young man named Frederick Zell, was missing. Search was made for him and continued from day to day, but no trace could be found, and the conclusion was reached that the man was lost in the river.

Not a word was heard from him for ten years, at the expiration of which a stranger appeared at the household and claimed to be the long lost son. He was taken in and cured for and has remained with the family a little over one year. The strangest part of the story is that the lost man is insane at times, and the family have as yet been unable to fully decide whether he is the lost son or not. He tells many things that happened in the family before he went away, but there are many things to cast a doubt upon his identity.

## THE POLISH EXCITEMENT.

The Toledo Priest Wanted to Die in the Flames of His Church.

TOLEDO, O., Feb. 20.—It has been learned that while the Polish church was burning last night Rev. Father Augustinski, the pastor, hastily attired himself in his best clothes and shortly after made an attempt to throw himself in the flames, crying out, "Oh Lord, Oh Lord! As the church is burning, I may as well burn with it."

He was caught by three strong Pollocks, who held him securely. He acted like a mad man and implored them to release him. Father Augustinski says that early in the morning he saw a man approach his window having in his hand a deadly weapon of some kind, and thinks it was some member of his congregation who tried to assassinate him. He also stated that he would leave the city as soon as possible. The excitement is rapidly dying out.

## A Buffalo Delegation.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 20.—A delegation of councilmen and citizens of Buffalo, N. Y., arrived by this city and registered at the Seventh Avenue hotel. The expedition is the result of discussions which have for some time been going on in Buffalo councils with reference to the introduction of natural gas and the methods of municipal management. The delegation met for organization, appointed a number of sub-committees and laid out a program.

## Mercantile Assignment.

CHILLICOTHE, O., Feb. 20.—John Bennett, an old and well-known dry goods merchant, made an assignment to D. M. Massie and Charles Brandt for the benefit of creditors. His assets are reported at \$30,000; liabilities \$10,000.

## O. O. Hall's Case.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 20.—The case of Otis O. Hall, charged with defrauding his partner in the Graphic, was laid over until the 25th inst., for further argument. The attorneys in the case have not yet submitted their briefs to Judge Fitzgerald.

## Escaped Convicts.

CARTHAGE, Mo., Feb. 20.—Eight prisoners in the county jail have escaped by means of a tunnel twenty feet long which they had dug during the last six months, and which began under the jail floor and opened outside of the walls of the yard.

## Accident on the Ohio.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 20.—The steamer John F. Walton ran her tow of coal into one of the piers of the Cincinnati and Newport railroad bridge, about 9 o'clock Friday morning, and sank three barges of coal, containing about 32,000 bushels.

## False Rumor.

CHICAGO, Feb. 20.—There was a rumor on the streets that ex-Secretary of War Robert T. Lincoln had died suddenly. The fact is, Mr. Lincoln is in excellent health, and has been quietly at work in his law office in this city as usual.

## Clara Morris.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 20.—Miss Clara Morris, who was unable to appear at the Academy of Music, on account of an attack of neuralgia in the face, is in a much improved condition. She will be able to appear at the theatre to-night.

## A County Official Falls.

PARIS, Ill., Feb. 20.—Jonathan Ogden, county treasurer of this county, made an assignment to W. L. Ogden and W. P. Ogden. Liabilities, \$15,000; assets, \$50,000.